Discussion questions Easter 2018

The Ultimate Invitation (April 01 - 28)

The resurrection is a profound act of hospitality, of inclusion, and welcome. It's the ultimate invitation.

The following discussion questions are designed to accompany the <u>The Ultimate Invitation</u> <u>Resource Pack PDF</u> to help adapt the material for small group work. These questions are just a guideline and there is no need to go through all questions in a single session, or in the following sequence. Feel free to pick and choose what interests your group.

Part 1: Food, friendship, and festivity!				
Read Mark 16: 1-8	Read Isaiah 25: 1-9	Read Luke 24: 13-35		
Some of the oldest copies of the Gospel of Mark end abruptly at 16:8 with "and they said nothing to anyone, because they were afraid." (other versions include extra verses, which some scholars think were added a later date).	In this compelling, poetic vision we see that the Lord will 'wipe away tears from all faces' and 'swallow up death forever' but hunger is not swept away or 'cancelled out' - on this mountaintop you still gotta eat.	In this reading it is food that acts as the trigger of revelation. The disciples recognise Jesus as he breaks the bread. When they share together everything falls into place and they recognise him. We often celebrate important		
Intriguingly, if we stop Mark on this cliffhanger, it puts us in the shoes of those who have just found out this amazing news.	Instead of doing away with the need to eat - the need is met abundantly and extravagantly.	moments in our lives with foods and feasts, when loved ones come home or move away, at weddings, at other times of transition.		
This prompts the questions - who are we going to tell? Who are we going to invite along into the mystery?	How come?	How has food played a role in significant moments in your life?		
		Taste is often a powerful memory trigger, what food reminds you of others?		

Part 2:A 'Politics of Hospitality'?				
Read John 20: 19-29	Read Psalm 133	Read Leviticus 19:9-10		
The disciples were gathered together as a group when Jesus appeared to them. But Thomas missed it. What was he up to?	This short psalm suggests that the joy of living together in unity is like the joy of generously sharing precious things.	This reading demonstrates a way of looking out for and including those who find themselves struggling on the fringes of society.		
Jesus waits until the disciples are together again to appear to Thomas.	Rare and expensive oil is lavishly poured out in blessing, and precious mountain dew accumulates bringing life to the dry lands below. These scarce,	It is not a call for direct charity - to harvest all the food and then decide who qualifies to receive it and handing it out to them.		
Is it significant that Jesus waited to appear to Thomas in the context of a group setting rather than appearing to him on his own?	invaluable things are given away - not hoarded for profit.What role do precious resources, blessings, and gifts play in our society and what role would we like them to play?	Instead, it asks us to take less ourselves and make room for others. There's no judgement, no 'means testing' no tax deductible write off. It's essentially an invitation to take what you need.		
		What would be a non-agricultural way of following this instruction in our everyday lives?		

Part 3:The demands of hospitality				
Read Luke 24: 36-43	Read Acts 3: 13-21	Read Leviticus 19: 33-34		
When unexpected guest turn up - they bring their needs - like Jesus asking for a bite to eat. For the disciples seeing Jesus eat the same food as them must have been mind blowing - he really is here! We see once again the significance of	When you make an invitation it always comes with the possibility of rejection. In the reading Peter discusses the painful rejection that Jesus suffered at the hands of his home community.	This reading contains a beautiful but challenging idea, that we should welcome and treat 'aliens' - people we have no familial or cultural ties to - as well as we treat ourselves. We shouldn't just		
sharing food together. Hospitality is cemented by sharing,	It is incredible to think that the 'Author of life' would put himself out there and risk such painful	be <i>nice to them</i> , we should stop thinking of them as 'other' and instead include		
people naturally relax when eating together, but the gift comes at a	rejection. And yet the author had a sequel in mind. Resurrected to life	them as part of 'us'.		
cost to the giver. Jesus is challenging the disciples to be good hosts, to be generous, to be accommodating, to	he extends the invitation once again.	This process of breaking down barriers between people can be incredibly		
cope with disruption.	Rejection feels horrible and it is understandable that we try to avoid	rewarding but also incredibly challenging, especially if we		
The defining model of hospitality in our contemporary society is one of luxury, anonymity, and cost to the	it, but what can we learn from the relentless hospitality of Jesus - who wouldn't even let death stop him	have little in common to begin with.		
guest - rather than humility, relationship, and cost to the host .	from inviting us?	What are practical things we can do to stop seeing people		
What's the difference when the host pays and the guest pays?	And how can we cope with the rejection?	as 'other' and start seeing them as 'us'?		

Part 4: Many hospitalities				
Read Hebrews 13: 1-3	Read Psalm 23	Read Exodus 23: 1-9		
At Her Majesty's Pleasure - hospitality and the state.	Many remote communities rely more on hospitality and sharing than the self-contained urban lifestyles of those in towns and cities.	This reading weaves the law into everyday life.		
How can we be more hospitable to those experiencing the hospitality of the state, in detention centres and prisons? How can we identify with them and give them a voice?	Isolated island villages often need to band together in times of crisis. This is often driven by necessity but leads to real bonds of trust and close knit communities forming. The bad weather Spring 2018 in the UK has led to such community spirit. How can we continue this caring for one another?	For those of us who don't come across many oxen or donkeys when out and about - what would be a non- agricultural version of		
Using the language of the reading, how can we 'remember' them?	The psalm describes the Lord as an ultimate rural host, caring for the flock, looking out for all their needs. The flock can't be self-sufficient, striking out on their own, they have to rely on the shepherd, their lives are bound together. Whether or not we live in remote communities,	verses 4-5?		
	what can we learn from rural hospitality?			